

FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE FOR MINERAL EXPLORATION (M.E.I.G.A.)

COMPANY: EXPLORATION VENTURES LTD
PROJECT: BALQUHINDACHY

REF: AE 36
MRD 84/5/27
MRD 144/5/27

The following Open File material is held by B.G.S. in London, Keyworth and Edinburgh. Available for public inspection from 16.10.80.

- * Extracts from draft application 6.8.71 with accompanying plan,
 $1"$: 4 miles, 2 copies
- 1973 Activity Report, with 2 enclosures

Enclosure 1: Report on Molybdenum in E. Aberdeenshire. March 1973 including 10 figures

Fig 1 Location plan of known Mo anomalous areas. 1 : 250,000.
21.3.73

Fig 3 Aeromagnetic contour map - total field around Balquhindachy.
 $2\frac{1}{2}"$: 1 mile

Fig 4 (This is virtually illegible) Mo soil anomalies at
Balquhindachy and Quilquo

Fig 5 Extent of vein quartz float and Mo stream anomalies.
March '73, $2\frac{1}{2}"$: 1 mile

Fig 6 Mo, As and Au values in follow up geochemical soil
traverses 26.3.73. 6" : 1 mile. Balquhindachy

Fig 7 Mo, As and Au values in follow up geochemical soil
traverses 6" : 1 mile. Quilquo

§ Fig 8 Soil Mo results, Rathven. Feb '82. 6" : 1 mile

§ Fig 9 Detailed soil Mo results. Kinmundy 6" : 1 mile. March '71

§ Fig 10 Detailed soil Cu results, Kinmundy 6" : 1 mile. March '71

§ Fig 11 Molybdenum in soils at Inverurie 10.6.70. 6" : 1 mile

Enclosure 2: Balquhindachy District: Belnagoak Pitting May '73 including

- (i) Map of pit locations
- (ii) Pitting profiles
- (iii) Assay results
- (iv) Pit descriptions

EXPLORATION VENTURES LTD.

(RIOFINEX)

1973 ACTIVITY REPORT

BALQUHINDACHY DISTRICT (DTI Code AE 36)

A pitting programme was undertaken at Belnagoak in order to assess further the geochemical anomaly of molybdenum in soil.

Details of this work and a general account of molybdenum occurrences in the east part of Aberdeenshire are appended.

Enclosures

1. Report on molybdenum in east Aberdeenshire.
2. Account of pitting programme at Balquhindachy.

EXPLORATION VENTURES LIMITED

BALQUHINDACHY DISTRICT : BELNAGOA

PITTING : ABERDEENSHIRE

MAY 1973

Abstract

On 11th May, 13 pits were dug along a traverse on the farmland of Belnagoak where anomalous amounts of molybdenum had been recorded in the soils. The bedrock was not exposed in the area but abundant blocks of quartz float with minor amounts of pyrite and traces of molybdenite could be seen in the walls of the fields. Low gold values had been detected in some of the samples.

Eleven of the 13 pits dug reached bedrock between 2 ft. and 8 ft. This consisted of either andalusite schist or siliceous, and felspartic quartzites and grits. No mineralisation or quartz veins were intersected though it was probable that a thick quartz vein existed along a faulted contact between the two rock types.

It is concluded that the soil anomaly relates to a narrow quartz vein in the Dalradian schists. Although no in-situ vein material was encountered, it is clear from float samples that molybdenum (and gold) mineralisation is only rarely present - and even then in very low amounts.

No further work is recommended.

Previous Surveys

Geochemical soil sampling defined weak, patchy molybdenum anomalies in the Quilquo and Balquhidder areas of eastern Aberdeenshire. Values ranged from 1.6 ppm up to a peak of 62 ppm. The area is underlain by a series of andalusite schists and siliceous metamorphics. Outcrops are scarce due to extensive drift cover. Float mapping near the molybdenum anomalies indicated large amounts of white vuggy vein quartz. A few of these blocks contained some disseminated pyrite and the occasional trace of molybdenite. Several samples of this mineralised float showed values of 200 to 1500 ppm Mo and 0.4 - 1 dwt gold.

As the extent of the mineralized vein quartz could not be determined, it was recommended that pitting should be carried out across one of the anomalies where bedrock was thought to be close to the surface. This was on the farmland of Belnagoak, situated 1½ miles due east of Balquhidder. Here three samples taken on three separate, 1000 ft. apart soil lines, contained 54, 62 and 26 ppm Mo aligned on a NE/SW strike.

Pitting

A total of 13 pits were dug using a JCB 3C digger. Eleven of these were located on a N/S traverse across the strike of the soil anomaly.

Pits A to H were dug at 100 ft. intervals and then Pits J, I and K were dug between Pits C and E. Pits L and M were dug to the west of the traverse over the position where the highest molybdenum value in the soil was recorded (see location map).

Results

Only two pits - A and B - failed to reach bedrock. In these two a bed of yellow brown sand occurred down to a depth of 10 ft. - the base of the pits.

In the remaining pits the general profile was soil overlying the bed of sand overlying bedrock.

In pits C, J and M bedrock was found to be andalusite schists. In the remaining pits the bedrock consisted of siliceous and felspartic grits and quartzites with only slight metamorphic texture. This rock was soft and friable, breaking down to a greenish-brown sand.

No mineralization was noted in the bedrock and only a thin 3" quartz vein was seen in Pit H.

Bedrock was closest to the surface at Pit J - 2 ft. and it is thought that the vein quartz float in the walls of the fields came from a quartz vein just south of Pit J. Pitting on this site could not be carried out due to water pipes lying close below the surface.

The change in rock type between Pits J and K is thought to be due to a fault along which the quartz vein containing trace amounts of molybdenite occurred.

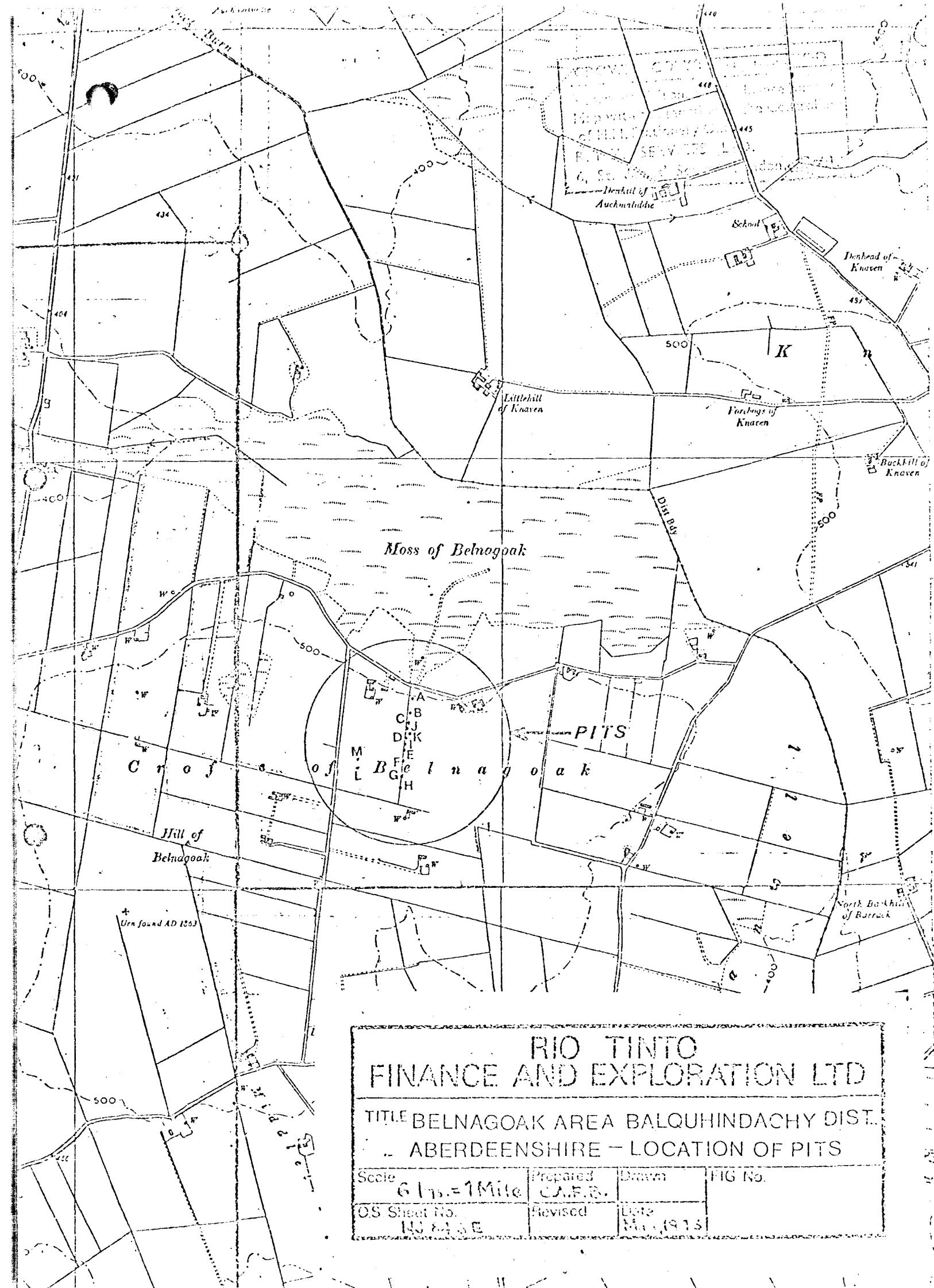
Pits L and M dug along strike of the anomaly again failed to locate the quartz vein though it is probable that it runs between these two pits.

Conclusions

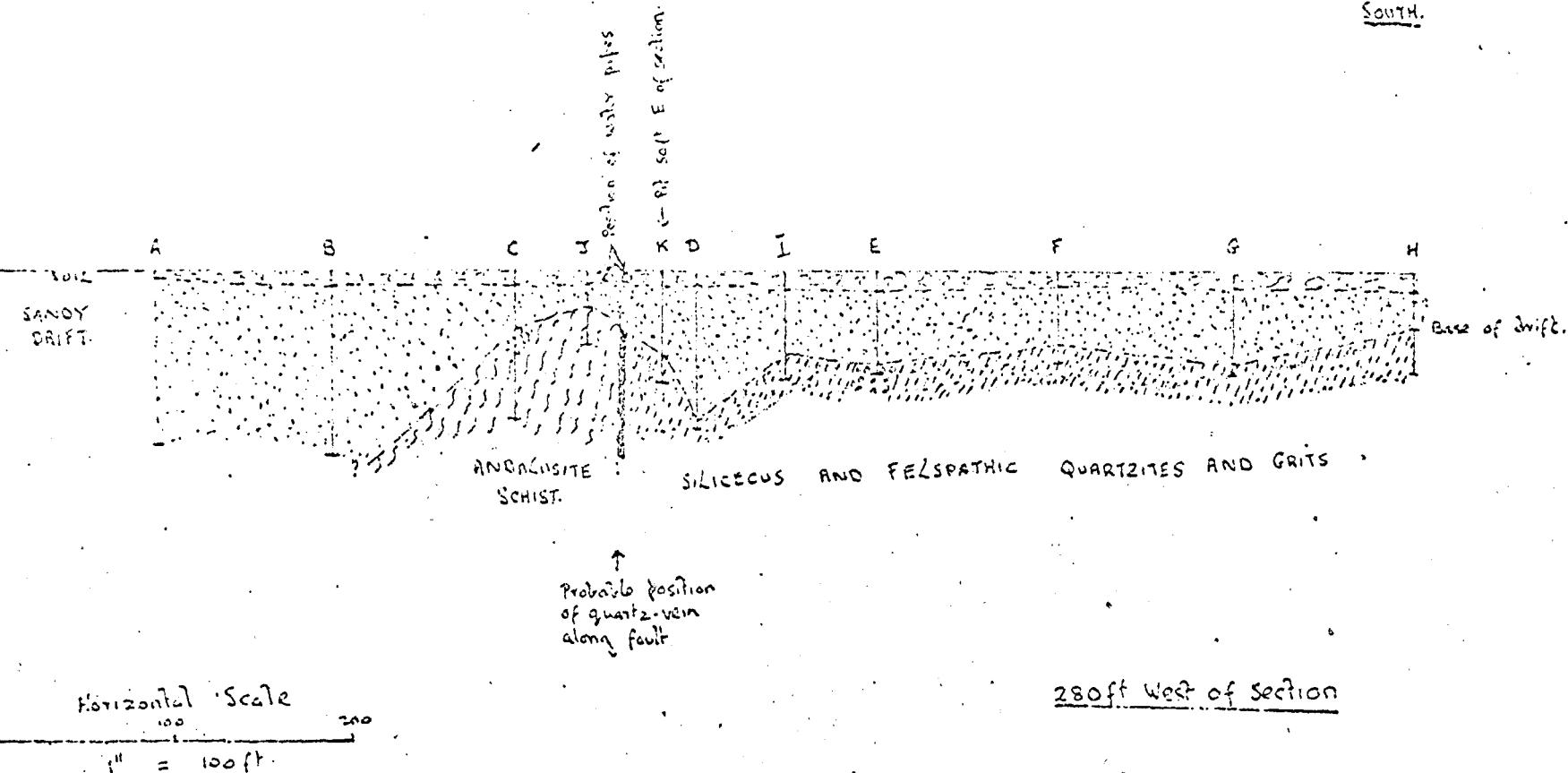
The pitting failed to locate any mineralised or unmineralised quartz-veins. It is likely that a vein of the order of 5 ft. thickness exists between Pits J and K along a fault line. Unless the underground water pipes are first removed and a trench dug across this zone, the exact position of this quartz vein will remain unknown.

The abundance of large blocks of vein quartz in the walls is thought to be truly representative of the vein and therefore is of no economic interest. Only two boulders contained traces of molybdenite but the content would be sufficient to cause a soil anomaly. No visible gold was seen and the potential for this element is negligible.

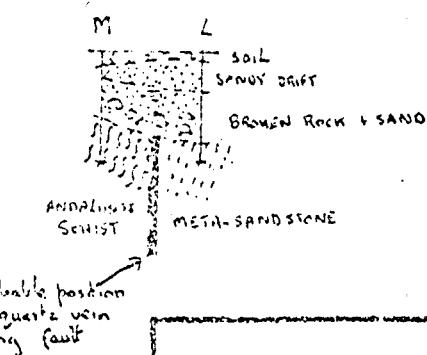
It is therefore recommended that no further work be carried out over the anomalies in this area.



SOUTH.



280ft West of section



EXPLORATION VENTURES LTD

TITLE BELNAGORK AREA - BALQUHINDACHY BURGH
ABERDEENSHIRE.

PITTING PROFILES

Scale	Prepared C.A.F.B.	Drawn C.A.F.B.	716/10
OS Sheet No. 94 SE	Revised	Date May 1973	

BALQUHINDACHY DISTRICT

BELNAGOAK PITTING

ASSAY RESULTS

<u>SAMPLE NUMBER</u>	<u>PPM GOLD</u>	<u>PPM MOLYBDENUM</u>
1	0.10	2
2	0.03	4
3	<0.03	9
4	<0.03	10
5	<0.03	< 2
6	<0.03	<10
7	0.04	60
8	<0.03	<10
9	<0.03	<2
10	<0.03	<10
11	0.06	<2
12	<0.03	<10
13	<0.03	< 2
14	<0.03	<10
15	<0.03	<2
16	<0.03	<10
17	0.05	50
18	0.13	10
19	<0.03	2
20	<0.03	<10
21	0.04	2
22	<0.03	<10
23	<0.03	15
24	0.08	<10

BALQUIHINDACHY DISTRICT

BELNAGOAK PITTING

PIT A 100' up from road fence

0-6" Soil
6"-9'.6" Yellow/brown sand

SAMPLE (1) Sand @ 9'.6".

PIT B 200' up from road fence.

0'-9" Soil
9"-10'.0" Yellow/brown and grey green sand

SAMPLE (2) Sand @ 10'.0".

PIT C 300' up

0-8" Soil
8"-3'.0" Yellow/brown sand
3'.0"-4'.6" broken oxidised rock and sand.
4'.6"-8'.0" broken oxidised Andalusite schist

SAMPLE (3) rock and sand @ 4'.0"

SAMPLE (4) rock from 8' - andalusite schist.

PIT D 400' up

0-8" Soil
8"-8'.0" Brown/yellow sand
8'.0"-8'.6" sand & broken rock.

SAMPLE (5) sand from 8' felspathic sandstone

SAMPLE (6) rock from 8'.6"

PIT E 500' up

0-12" Soil
12"-5'.0" Yellow/brown sand
5'.0"-5'.6" broken rock

SAMPLE (7) sand & rock from 5'

SAMPLE (8) rock from 5'-6" - coarse conglomeratic
 arkosic grit.

<u>PIT F</u>	600' up	
	0-10"	Soil
	10"-4'.0"	Yellow/brown sand
	4'.0"-5'.0"	Sandy broken rock
SAMPLE (9)		sand from 4'.0" medium grained
SAMPLE (10)		rock from 5'.0" brown-meta-sandstone
<u>PIT G</u>	700' up	
	0-12"	Soil
	12"-5'0"	Yellow/brown sand
	5'0"-5'.6"	weathered rock and sand
SAMPLE (11)		sand from 5'
SAMPLE (12)		rock from 5'.6" medium course siliceous meta-sandstone.
<u>PIT H</u>	800' up	
	0-12"	Soil and iron from horizon
	12"-2'.0"	Yellow sand
	2'.0"-5'.6"	Grey/green sand from weathered sandy rock + broken rock thin broken 8"qtz. vein- turning \approx NE/SW dip \approx 30°.
SAMPLE (13)		weathered qtz vein @ 2'.6"
SAMPLE (14)		rock @ 5'.6" medium course siliceous meta- sandstone.
<u>PIT I</u>	450' up	
	0-12"	Soil
	12"-4'.6"	Yellow/brown sand
	4'.6"-5'9"	weathered sandy bedrock
SAMPLE (15)		sand @ 4'.6"
SAMPLE (16)		rock from 5'.9" medium/coarse siliceous micaceous meta-sandstone.

<u>PIT J</u>	340' up	
	0-8"	Soil
	8"-2'.0"	Sand - Yellow/brown
	2'.0"-4'.0"	Broken andalusite schist.
SAMPLE (17)		Sand from 2'
SAMPLE (18)		Rock from 4': andalusite schist.
<u>PIT K</u>	383' up and 50' east of wall.	
	0-9"	Soil
	9"-4'.6"	Yellow/brown sand
	4'.6"-6'.0"	broken sandy rock.
SAMPLE (19)		sand from 4'.6"
SAMPLE (20)		rock from 6' medium/coarse green sandstone.
<u>PIT L</u>	on peak Mo value (62 ppm) 160' up fence from corner 200' east.	
	0-6"	Soil
	6"-2'.0"	Yellow/orange sand
	2'.0"-4'.6"	broken rock and sand
	4'.6"-5'.6"	broken sandy rock
SAMPLE (21)		Sand from 2'
SAMPLE (22)		rock from 5'.6" medium grained arkosic mica rich quartz
<u>PIT M</u>		
	0-9"	Soil
	9"-1'.6"	Yellow/orange sand
	1'.6"-3'.6"	Yellow sand and broken rock
	3'.6"-5'.6"	broken andalusite schist
SAMPLE (23)		Sand from 1'.6"
SAMPLE (24)		rock from 5'.6" andalusite schist.

FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE FOR MINERAL EXPLORATION (M.E.I.G.A.)

COMPANY: EXPLORATION VENTURES LTD

REF: AE 37

MRD 84/5/1

MRD 144/5/1

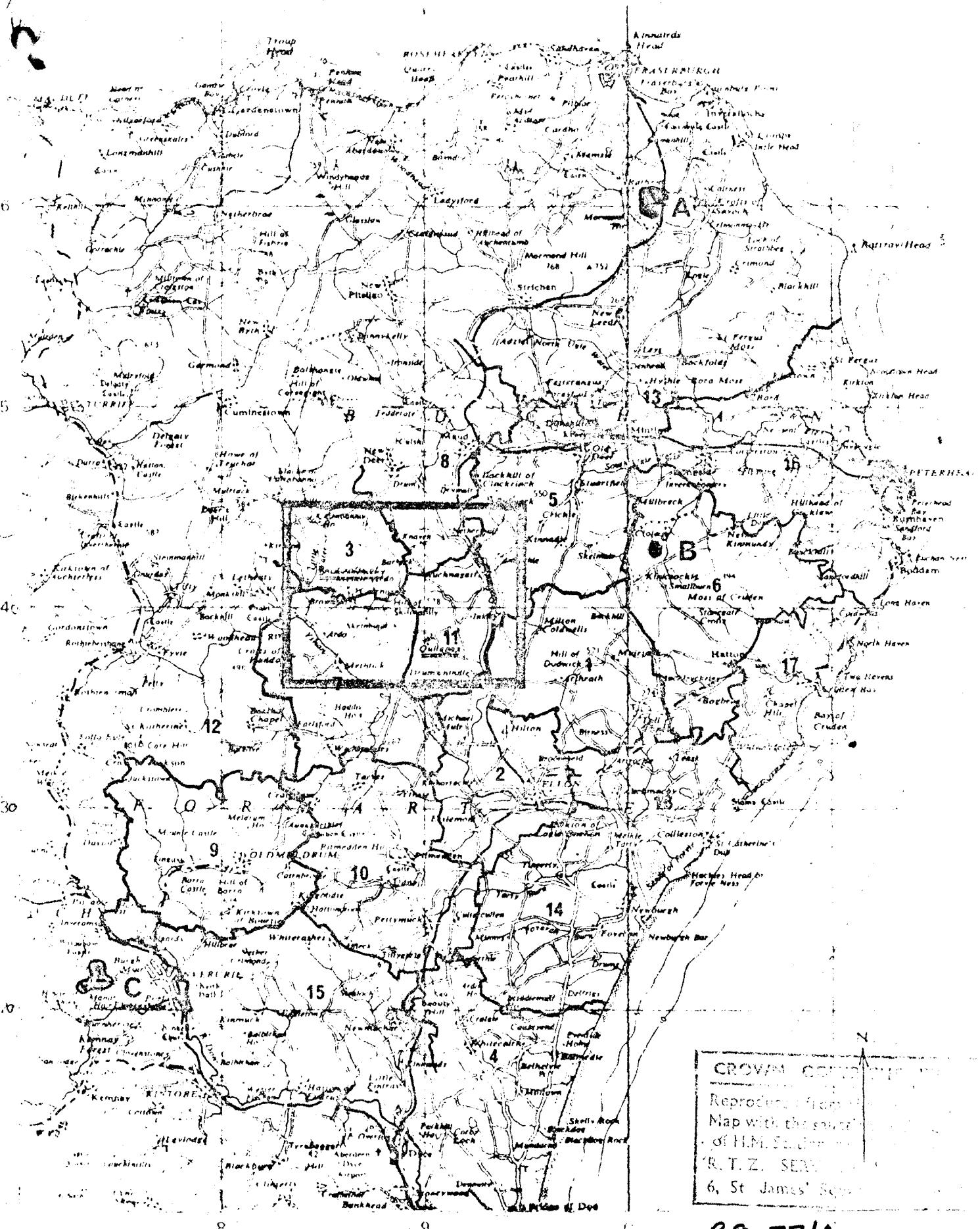
PROJECT: QUILQUOX

The following Open File material is held by B.G.S. in London, Keyworth and Edinburgh. Available for public inspection from 16.10.80.

- EVL soils research project
- EVL summary of metallurgical testworks
- * Extract from application 6.8.71, ".... outline of proposed project geological considerations" with plan 1": 4 miles
- §# DDH Logs HQ1, ND1

* Not in Keyworth § Not in Edinburgh # Not in London

AE 37 is related to AE 22



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R.T.Z. SERV
6, St James' Sq.

B.Q. 73/1

COVERAGE OF ATTACHED MAP AND OVERLAYS
AROUND THE BALQUHIDDERY - QUIGUOX AREA.

OTHER AREAS WITH MOLYBDENUM IN SOILS
A. RATHEN B. KINMUNDY C. INVERURIE

ADMINISTRATIVE AREAS

1. Aikiehead
2. Kilharrachie
3. Balquhidder
4. Belhelvie
5. Glie
6. Forest of Deer
7. Haddo
8. Longmire
9. Oldow
10. Quiguo
11. West Haddo
12. Strichen - Comrie
13. Newburgh
14. Inverurie - Strathmore
15. Longside - Peterhead
16. Longside - Peterhead

EXPLORATION VENTURES LTD.

BALQUHIDDERY.

TITLE

LOCATION PLAN OF KNOWN MO-
ANOMALOUS AREAS IN EAST ABERDEENSHIRE

Scale

1:250,000

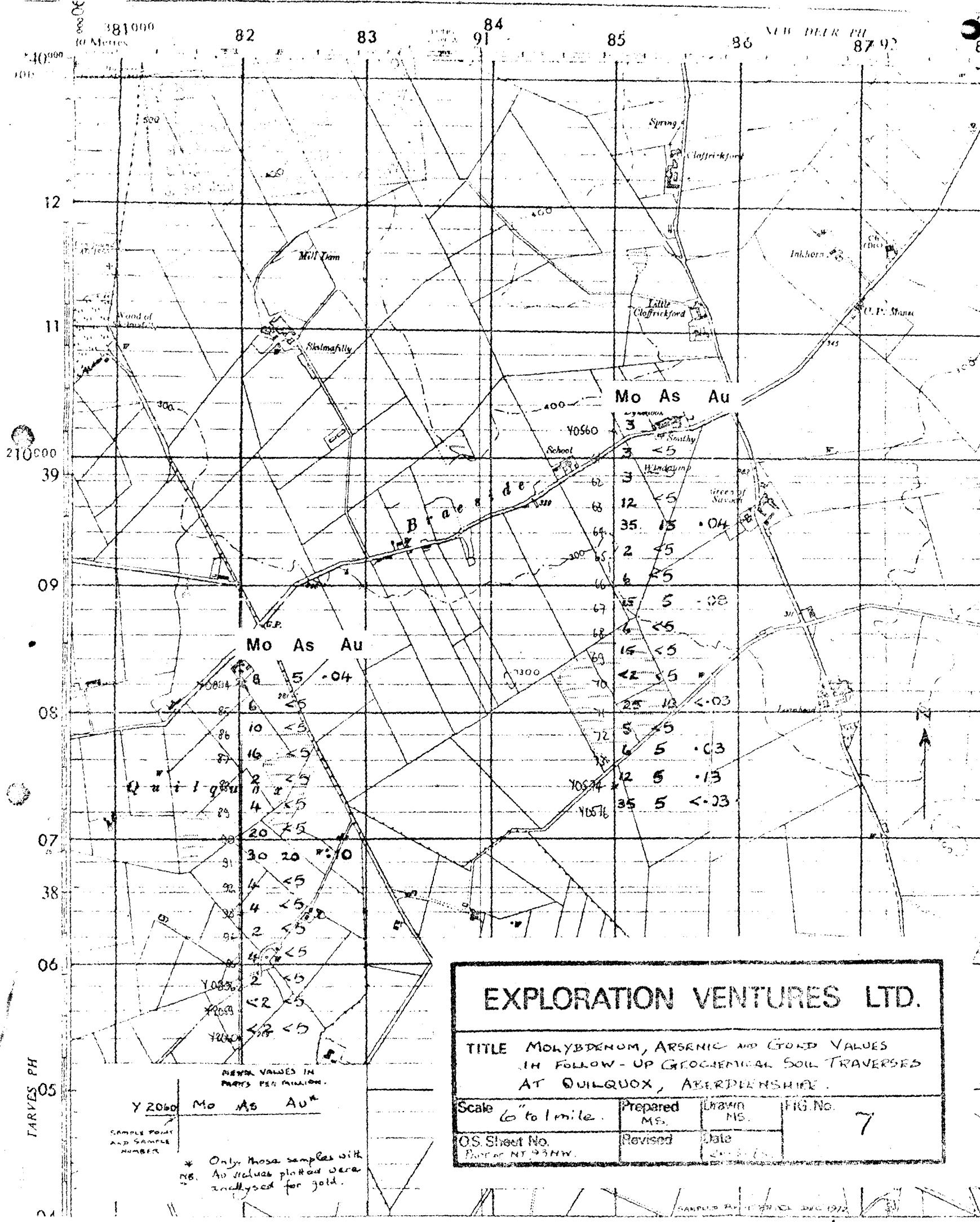
Prepared

Drawn

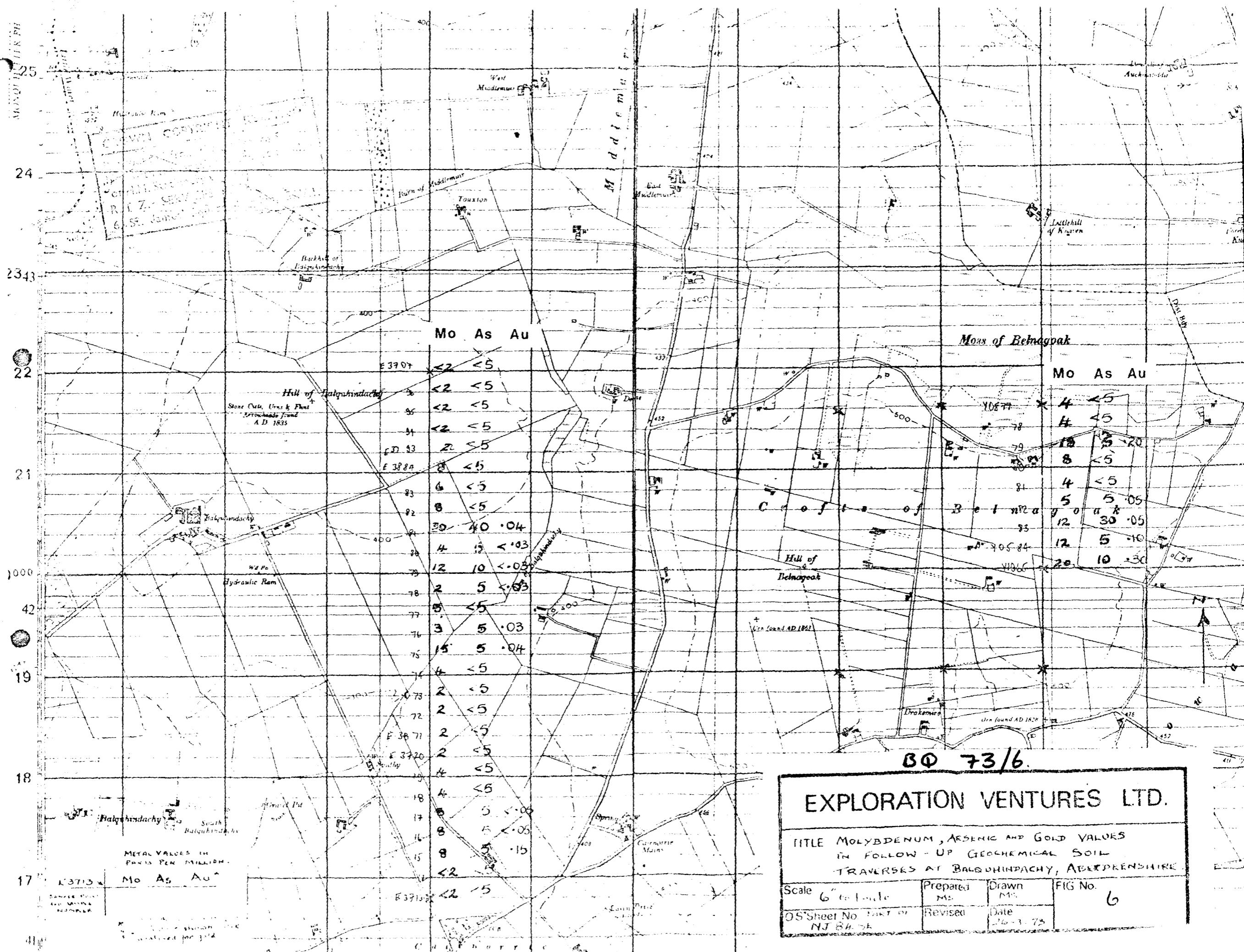
Fig. No.

MS

1

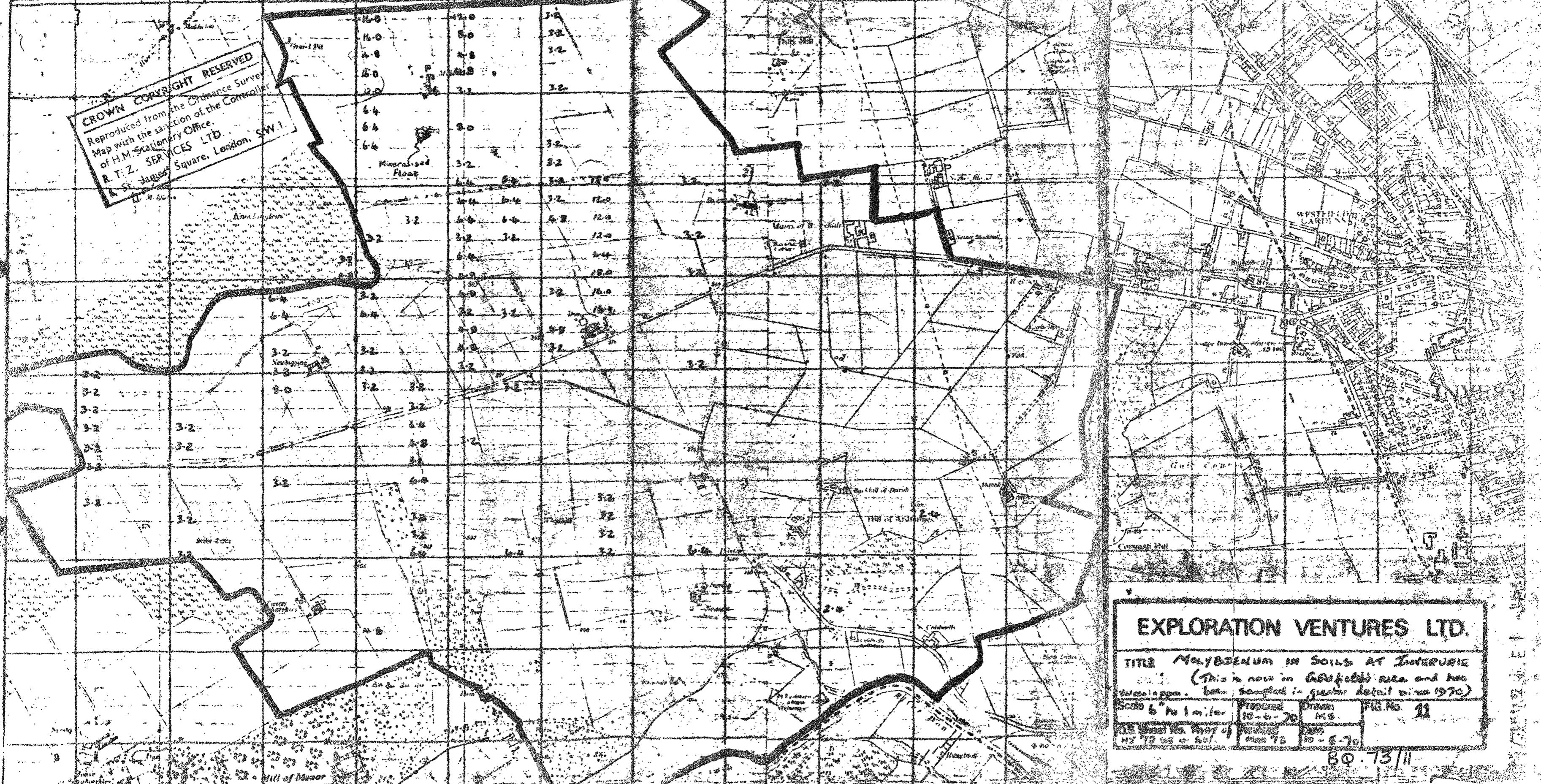


RE 23/7



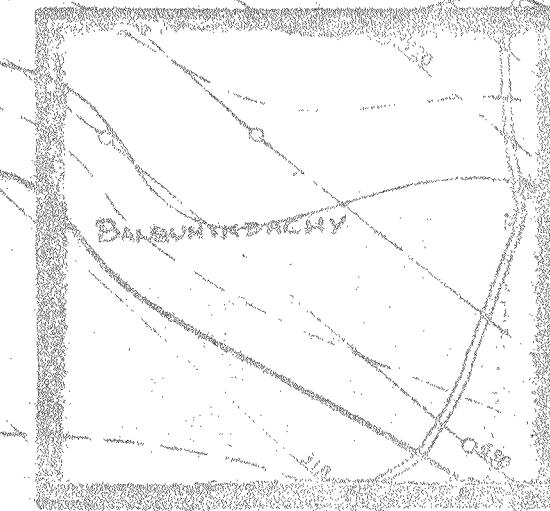
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REFERENCE

Mean terrain clearance

500 feet above ground level

Mean flight line spacing

1 statute mile

Flight lines numbered

1 to 159

The lines lettered

A.B.C etc.

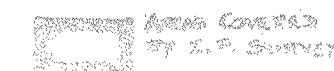
Plotted 15mm from numbers

1000

Minimum Contour interval

9 gammas

Turboons 4 3 2 1 0



B9 73/3

SCALE 1:25,000 OR APPROX 2½ INCHES TO THE MILE

EXPLORATION VENTURES LTD.

TITLE AEROMAGNETIC CONTOUR MAP SURVEY TOTAL
FIELD AROUND THE BALBUNTHORPE MINING
AREAS IN ABERDEENSHIRE.

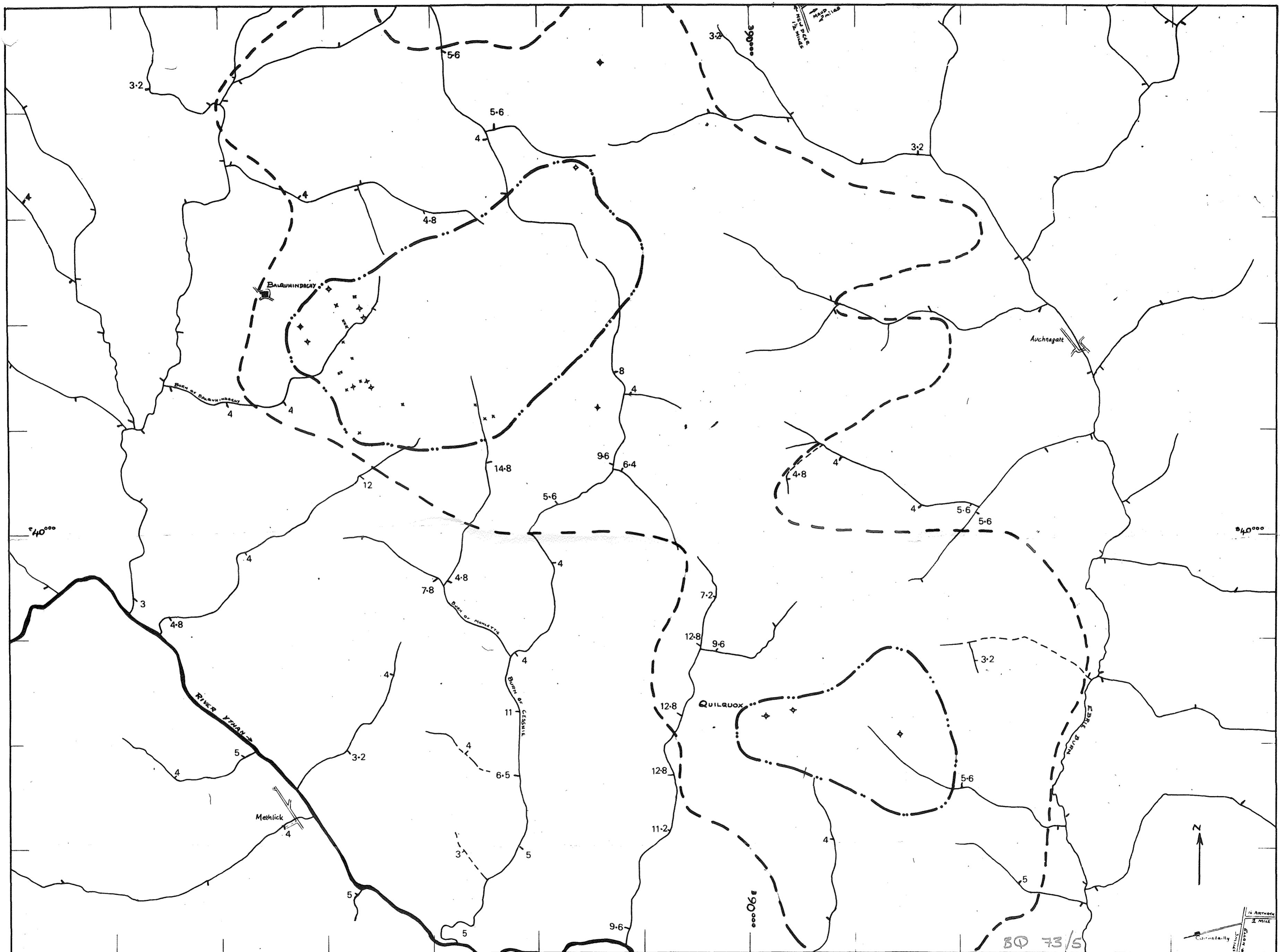
Scale 1:25,000 miles	Prepared and Drawn E.P.S. SURVEYS LTD.	FIG 3/3
OS Sheet No 1:25,000 B9 73/3	Revised	Date Feb 1973

Magnetic contours (values in gammas)

Enclosed areas of low magnetic intensity

COMPILATION NOTE

Drawn and compiled October 1969 - February 1970 Major topographical
detail taken from 1:25,000 series Ordnance Survey of Great Britain



ARBITRARY BOUNDARY BASED ON RIFINER FLOAT MAPPING DATA
SHOWING MAIN LIMITS OF WHITE, VHUGGY VEIN QUARTZ
BLOCKS WHICH ARE MOSTLY PRESENT IN WALLS AROUND FIELDS.

SITE WHERE →
NO SIGNIFICANT
MOLYBDENUM CONTENT
WAS DETECTED
i.e. VALUES ≤ 3 ppm.

10.6

SAMPLE SITE ON
STREAM WITH
MOLYBDENUM CONTENT
OF SEDIMENT IN
PARTS PER MILLION

ARBITRARY BOUNDARY SURROUNDING AREAS WHERE
VHUGGY VEIN QUARTZ APPEARS TO BE MOST
ABUNDANT IN WALLS.

SYMBOLS SHOWING THE LOCATION
OF A VEIN QUARTZ FLOAT BLOCK
CONTAINING:

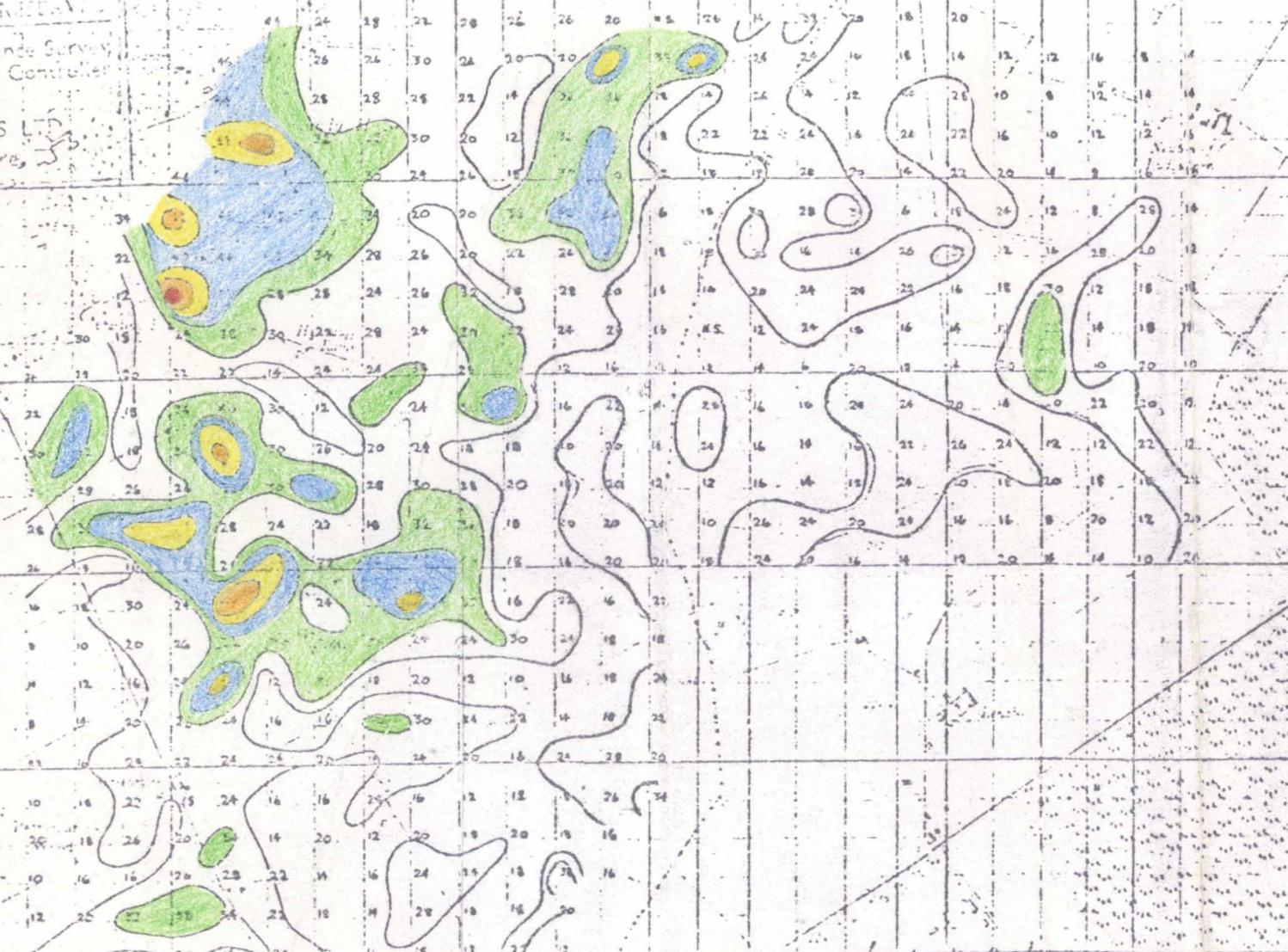
- ◆ Molybdenite
- ✗ Pyrite
- ◆ GALENA + SPHALERITE + PYRITE

EXPLORATION VENTURES LTD.

TITLE: EXTENT OF VEIN QUARTZ FLOAT AND
MOLYBDENUM STREAM ANOMALIES IN THE
BALQUHIDDER-QUILQUOX AREA, ABERDEENSHIRE

Scale 25' to 1 mile	Revised	Drawn	FIG NO. 5
O.S. Sheet No. Covenanted	Revised	Date	
Printed by R. B. S. Ltd., London		Date	March 1975

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EXPLORATION VENTURES LTD.
Udney Green, Abergavenny, Gwent



COLOUR SCHEME
VALUES IN P.P.M.

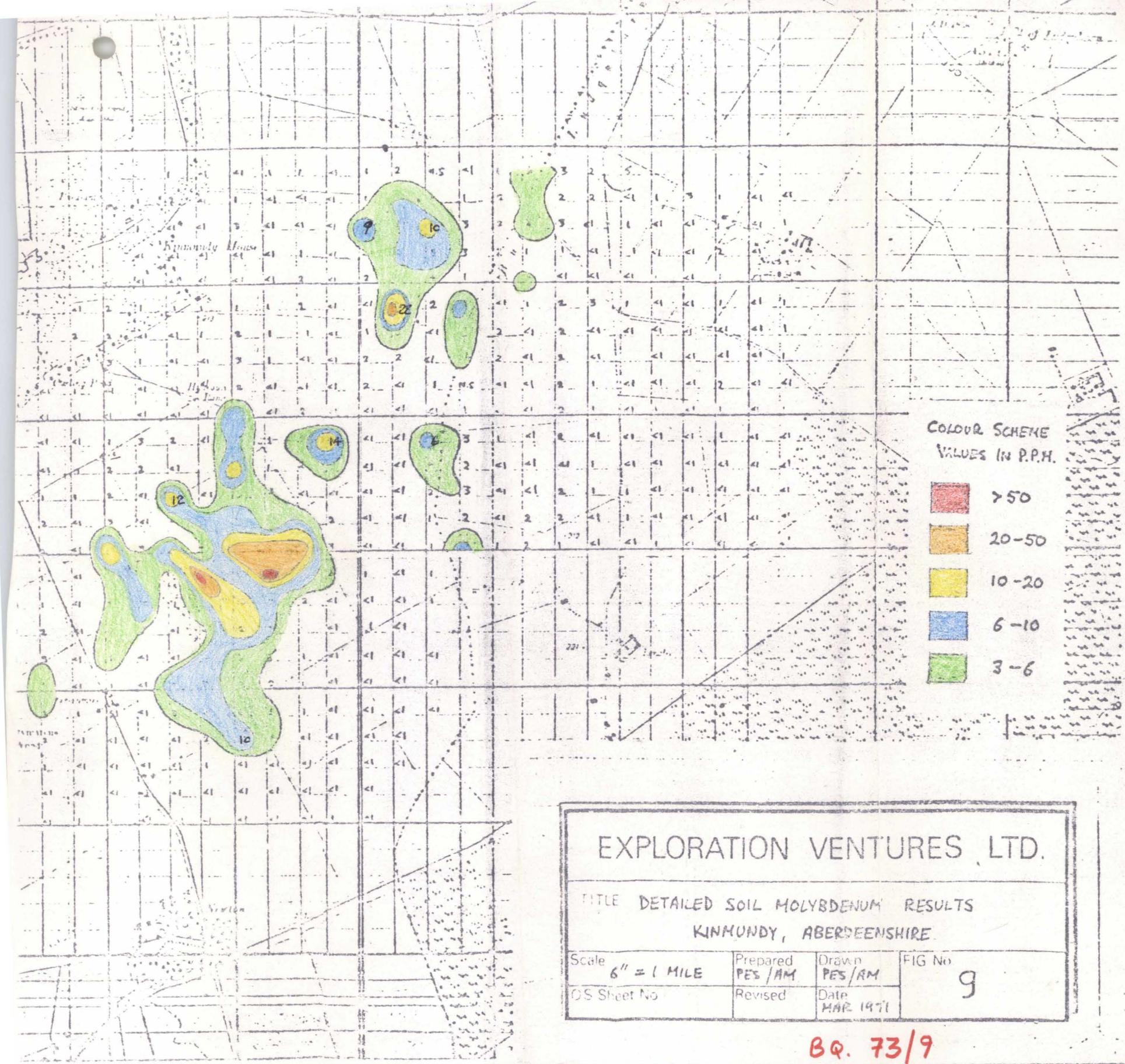
Red	>100
Yellow	70-100
Light Green	50-70
Medium Green	40-50
Dark Green	30-40

EXPLORATION VENTURES LTD.

TITLE DETAILED SOIL COPPER RESULTS
KINMUNDY, ABERDEENSHIRE

Scale 6" = 1 MILE	Prepared PES / AM Revised	Drawn PES / AM Date MAR 1971	FIG No. 10
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BO 73/10

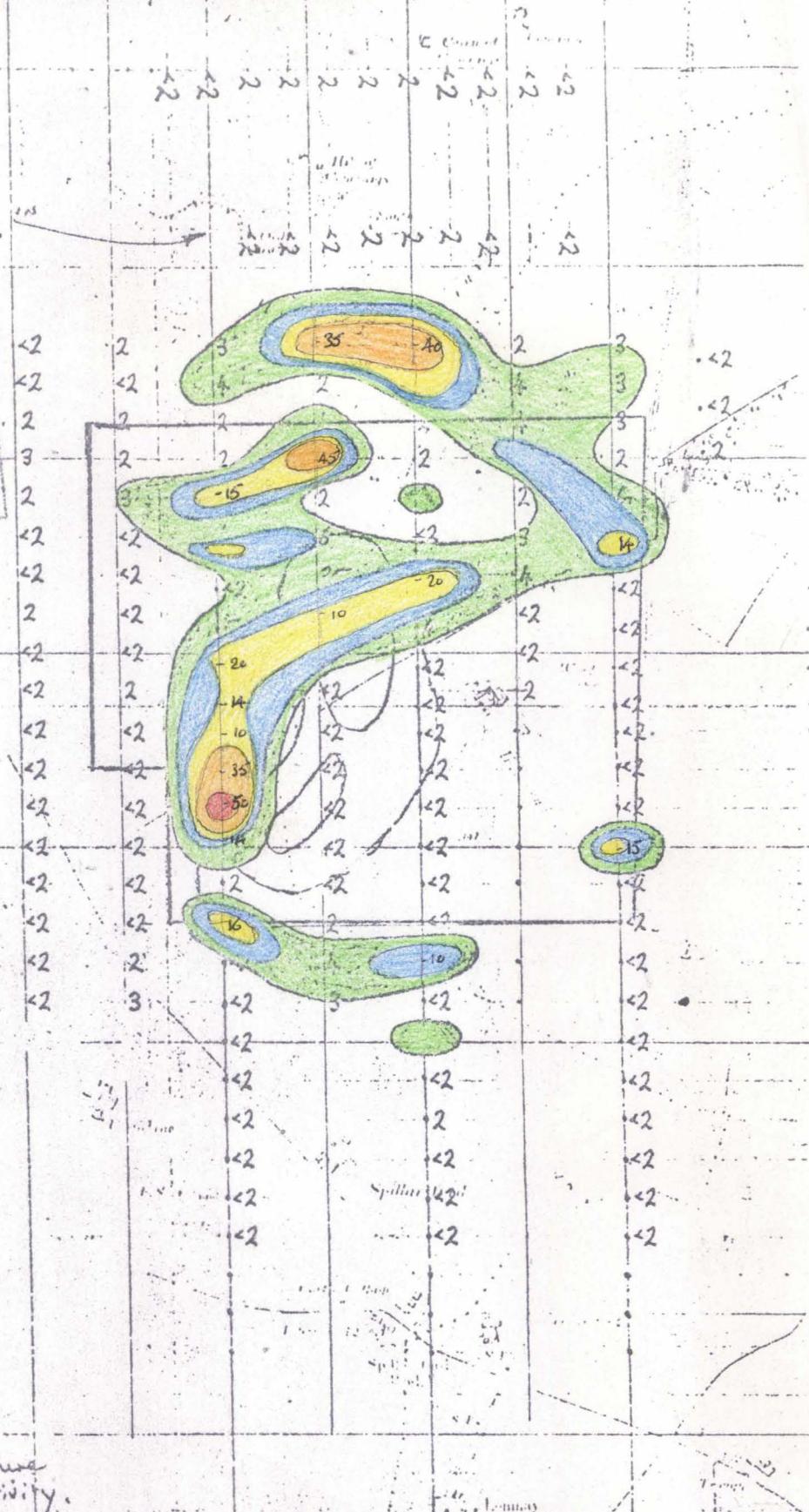


Rathen

QUARRY
SILICEOUS
GRIT.

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Hill of Fern



Weak IP closure
with high resistivity.

CONTOUR KEY



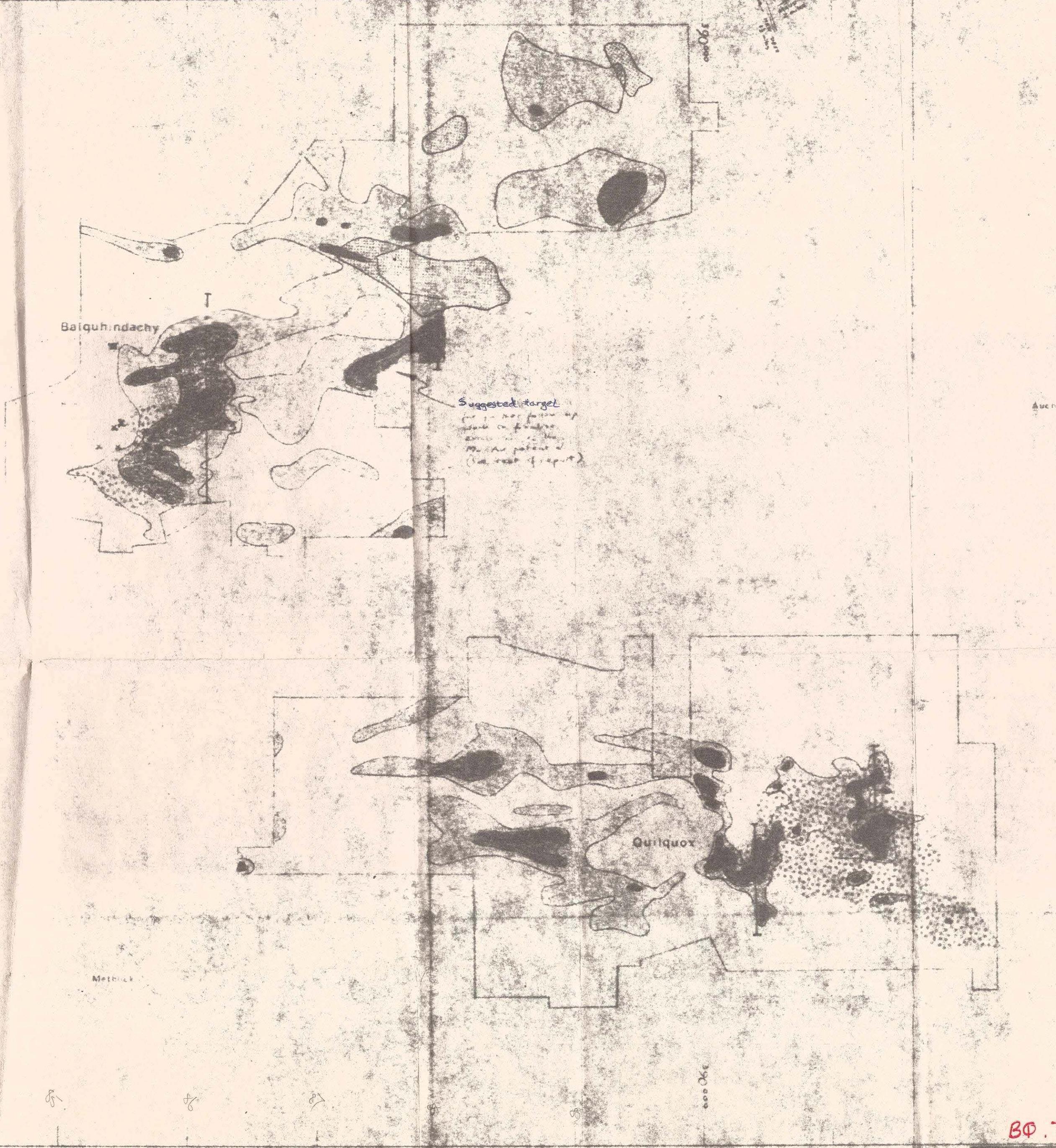
Extent of IP survey

EXPLORATION VENTURES LTD

TITLE SOIL MOLYBDENUM RESULTS
RATHEN, ABERDEENSHIRE

Scale	6" = 1 MILE	Prepared	Drawn	FIG. No
OS Sheet No NK 05 NW & 06 SW		Revised	A.H. Date FEB 1972	8

BO 73/8



LOCATION OF SOILS
FROM WHICH SOIL
SAMPLES WERE COLLECTED IN
NOVEMBER 1947
ON A PLATEAU OR IN
VALLEY FLOOR BY
THE MOLYBDENUM INSTITUTE

CONTOURS INDICATING
EXTENT OF ANOMALOUS
MOLYBDENUM IN SOIL
(VALUES 37 TO 40)

Poorly Drained Soil

AREAS WHERE SOIL SAMPLES
HAVE BEEN TESTED FOR
MOLYBDENUM

Results of soil samples taken
in areas where soil samples
were taken for molybdenum

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MOLYBDENUM ANOMALIES AT
BALQUHINDACHY & QUILQUOX